



**Institute of Social & Cultural Studies
Faculty of Behavioral & Social Sciences
University of the Punjab, Lahore
Course Outline**

Programme	BS Criminology	Course Code	BSC106	Credit Hours	3
Course Title	Introduction to Sociology				
Learning outcomes	<p>After studying this course students will be enable to;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • define sociological concepts and the discipline • have grip on significant concepts like social systems and structures, socio-economic changes and social processes. • for further understanding in the field of sociology. 				
Content	<p>Unit I: Introduction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Definition, subject matter and scope ○ Sociology as a science ○ Historical background of sociology <p>Unit 2 : Basic Concepts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Group, Community, Society ○ Associations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Non-voluntary ▪ Voluntary ○ Organization <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Informal ▪ Formal ○ Social Interaction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Levels of social interaction ▪ Process of social interaction • Cooperation • Competition • Conflict • Accommodation • Acculturation and Diffusion • Assimilation • Amalgamation <p>Unit 3.: Social Groups</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Definition and Functions ○ Types of social groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ In and out groups ▪ Primary and secondary group ▪ Reference groups 				

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Informal and formal groups ▪ Pressure groups <p>Unit 4.: Culture</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Definition, Aspects and Characteristics of Culture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Material and non-material culture ▪ Ideal and real culture • Elements of culture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Beliefs ○ Values ○ Language ○ Norms and social sanctions • Organizations of culture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Traits ○ Complexes ○ Patterns ○ Ethos ○ Theme ○ Other related concepts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cultural relativism ▪ Sub cultures ▪ Ethnocentrism and Xenocentrism ▪ Cultural lag <p>Unit 5.: Socialization and Personality</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Personality, factors in personality formation ○ Socialization, agencies of socialization ○ Role and status <p>Unit 6.: Deviance and Social Control</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Deviance and its types ○ Social control and its importance ○ Forms of social control ○ Methods and agencies of social control <p>Unit 7.: Collective Behaviour</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Collective behavior and its types ○ Crowd behavior ○ Public opinion ○ Propaganda ○ Social movements 								
Assessment & Examination	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="513 1738 558 1793">Sr. No.</th> <th data-bbox="602 1749 711 1776">Elements</th> <th data-bbox="743 1749 865 1776">Weightage</th> <th data-bbox="1102 1749 1187 1776">Details</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="529 1829 542 1856">1</td> <td data-bbox="607 1839 703 1866">Midterm</td> <td data-bbox="777 1829 829 1856">35%</td> <td data-bbox="870 1829 1349 1856">It take place at the mid-point of the Semester</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details	1	Midterm	35%	It take place at the mid-point of the Semester
Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details						
1	Midterm	35%	It take place at the mid-point of the Semester						

	<p style="text-align: center;">Assessment</p> <p>2 Formative Assessment 25% It is continuous assessment. It includes classroom participation, attendance, assignments, presentations, homework, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, quizzes etc.</p> <p>3 Final Assessment 40% It take place at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.</p>
<p>Recommended Books</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anderson, Margaret and Howard F. Taylor. 2001. <i>Sociology the Essentials</i>. Australia: Wadsworth. • Brown, Ken 2004. <i>Sociology</i>. UK: Polity Press • Giddens, Anthony 2002. <i>Introduction to Sociology</i>. UK: Polity Press. • Macionis, John J. 2006. <i>Sociology</i> 10th Edition, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall • Tischler, Henry L. 2002. <i>Introduction to Sociology 7th ed.</i> New York: The Harcourt Press. • Frank N Magill. 2003. <i>International Encyclopedia of Sociology</i>. U.S.A: Fitzroy Dearborn Publishers • Macionis, John J. 2005. <i>Sociology 10th edition</i>. South Asia: Pearson Education • Kerbo, Harold R. 1989. <i>Sociology: Social Structure and Social Conflict</i>. New York: Macmillan Publishing Company. • Koenig Samuel. 1957. <i>Sociology: An Introduction to the Science of Society</i>. New York: Barnes and Nobel. • Lee, Alfred Mclung and Lee, Elizabeth Briant 1961. <i>Marriage and the family</i>. New York: Barnes and Noble, Inc. • Leslie, Gerald et al. 1973. <i>Order and Change: Introductory Sociology</i> Toronto: Oxford University Press. • Lenski, Gevbard and Lenski, Jeam. 1982. <i>Human Societies. 4th edition</i> New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company. • James M. Henslin. 2004. <i>Sociology: A Down to Earth Approach</i>. Toronto: Allen and Bacon.